The APS draft of a statement on 'What is Science' refers to '...organizing and condensing (that) knowledge into testable laws and theories', and so I got to wondering.

So, what ARE some laws of Science? And how do they differ from theories? In order to think about this, I thought it might be helpful to write down some laws; here's a partial list, with a little help from friends¹.

- 1. Kepler's Laws (3)
- 2. Newton's Laws (3)
- 3. Coulomb's Law
- 4. Gauss's Law
- 5. Faraday's Law
- 6. Lenz's Law
- 7. Ampere's Law
- 8. The Law of Biot-Savart
- 9. Ohm's Law
- 10. Kirchoff's Laws (2)
- 11. The Ideal Gas Law
- 12. Boyle's Law
- 13. Charles' Law
- 14. Gay-Lussac's Law
- 15. Murphy's Law

Just for the record, there are other 'Laws' that I felt do not rate being included, although they are contenders.

¹Thanks to Amy Connolly, Helen Quinn and a colleague from LLNL on the plane to New Orleans for an APS Council meeting for contributions

- 1. The Law of Gravity
- 2. Moore's Law

Feel free to send me mail with other laws if you can think of them (thanks).